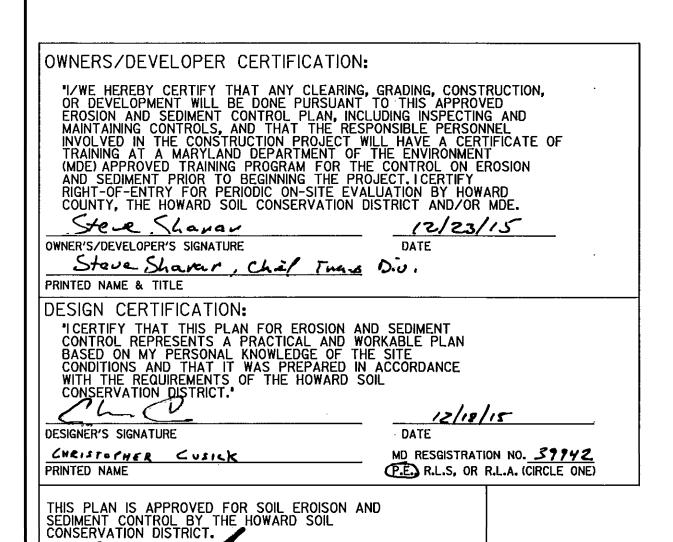
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29

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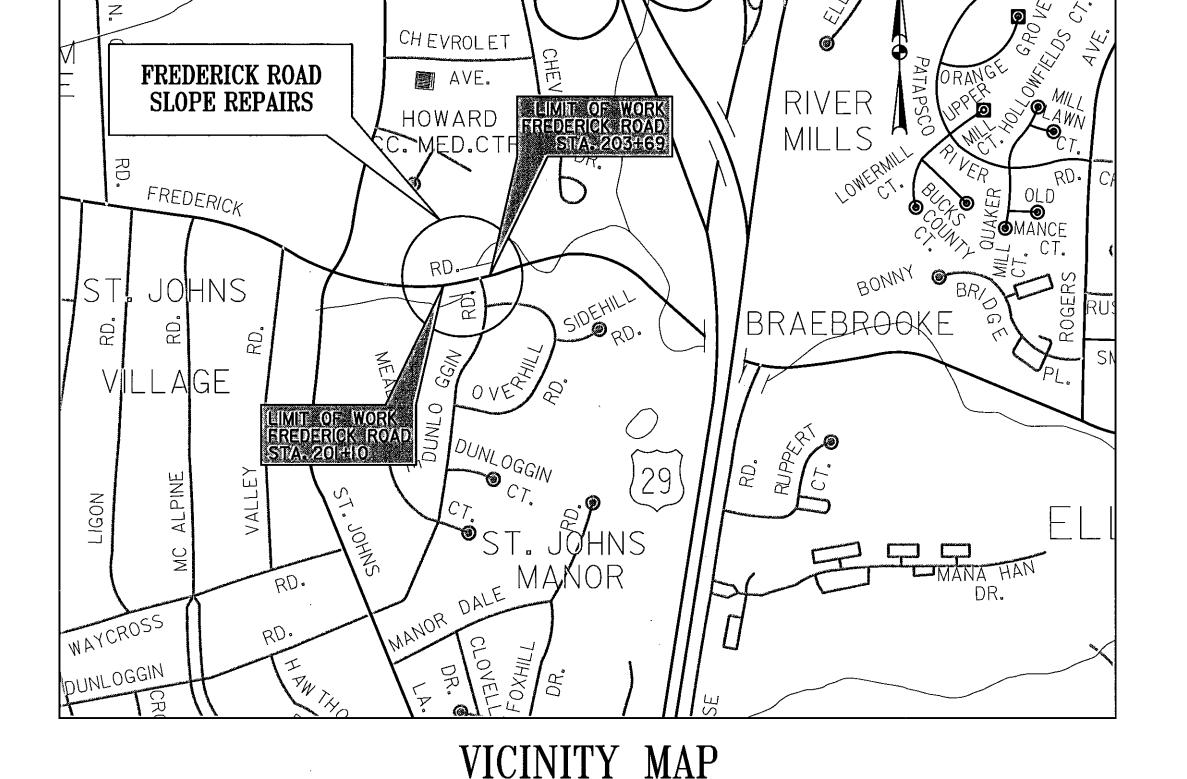


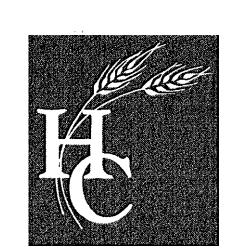
PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS I OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 30737 EXPIRATION DATE: 6/24/2016

> DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

CHIEF, BUREAU (CHIEF, TRANSPORTATION DIV. DATE





PREPARED BY

CSC BY NO.

TITLE SHEET

BLOCK NO.

DATE 600' SCALE MAP NO. 16

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29

FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SCALE

NONE

SHEET

_ of <u>1</u>2

ELECTION DISTRICT 2

Whitman, Requardt & Associates, LLP 801 South Caroline Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21231

ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION AT (410) 313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK. 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE FOLLOWING UTILITIES AT LEAST 5 DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK UNDER THIS CONTRACT. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND

REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO UTILITIES, SEE SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS/BUREAU OF

SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION

BUREAU OF UTILITIES, HOWARD COUNTY, 410-313-4900 BGE GAS DIVISION (410) 291-5834 BGE ELECTRIC DIVISION (410) 855-6958 VERIZON (410) 224-9980 COMCAST, 410-931-4600 COMCAST FIBER, 410-427-9600

(MSHA) STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE.

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES:

GENERAL NOTES

A) THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MUST BE FIELD APPROVED BY HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION (410-313-2430) PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ANY OF THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

B) ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND THEIR LOCATIONS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE "MARYLAND MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES"

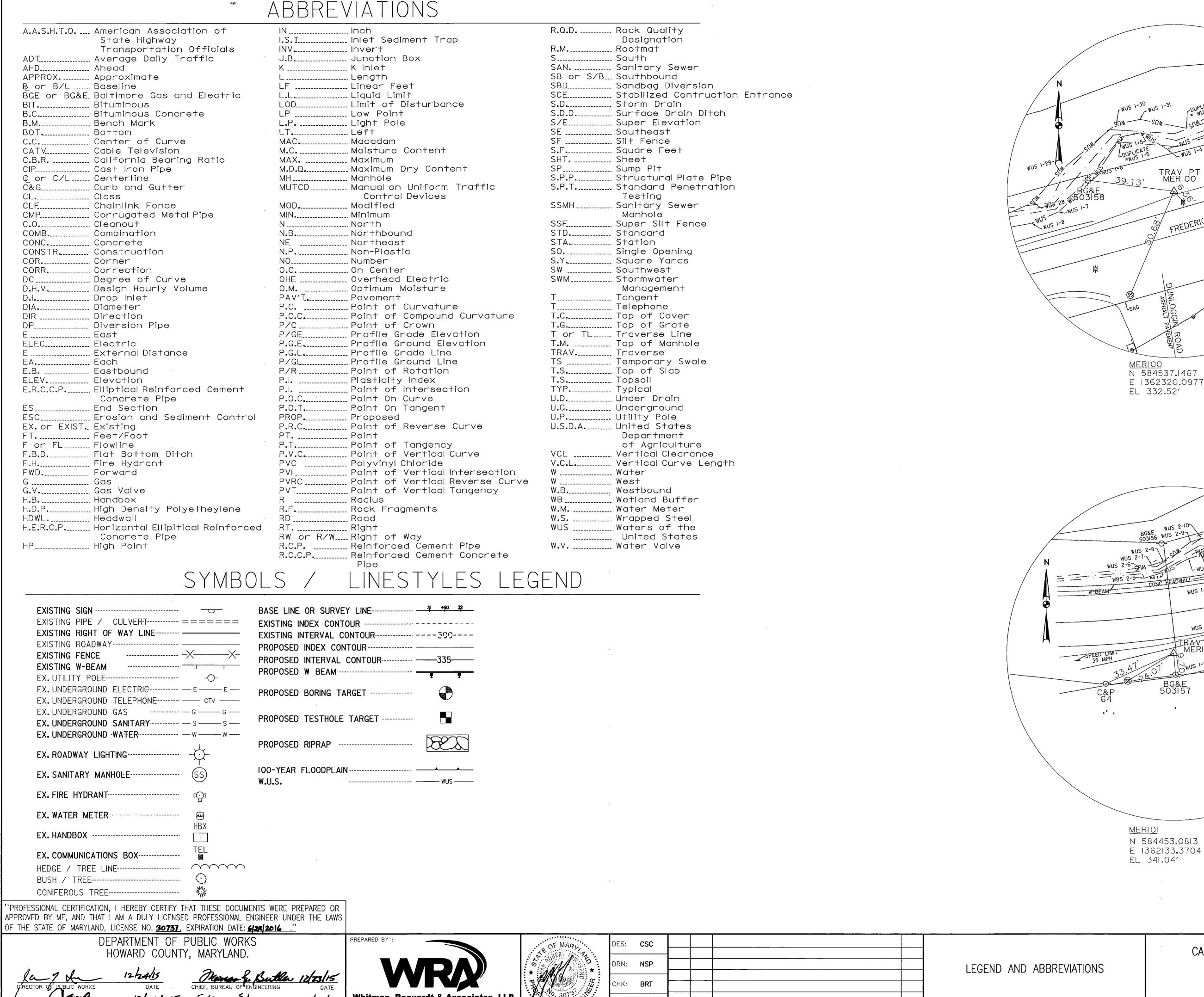
C) ALL SIGN POSTS USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RÍGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED ("QUICK PUNCH"), SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GUAGE) - 3' LONG. THE ANCHOR SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN TWO "QUICK PUNCH" HOLES ABOVE GROUND LEVEL. A GALVANIZED STEEL POLE CAP SHALL BE MOUNTED ON TOP OF EACH POST.

- 5. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH MAXIMUM ONE FOOT CONTOUR INTERVALS PREPARED BY MERCADO CONSULTANTS, INC. 17830 NEW HAMPSHIRE AVE. SUITE 200, ASHTON, MD 20861 FROM MAY, 2015.
- 6. COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE IN THE MARYLAND STATE REFERENCE SYSTEM NAD 83/(ADJ 2011) AS PROJECTED FROM HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL STATIONS:

1360713.774 365.347 581299.858

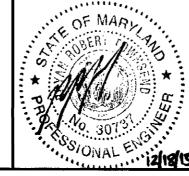
VERTICAL CONTROL IS NAVD '88

- 7. WATER IS PUBLIC, CONSTRUCTED UNDER CONTRACT NO. 10W.
- 8. THE EXISTING UTILITIES SHOWN HEREON ARE LOCATED FROM THE BEST INFORMATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES ARE SHOWN FOR THE CONTRACTOR'S INFORMATION AND CONVENIENCE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL LOCATE EXISTING UTILITIES TO HIS OWN SATISFACTION AND WELL IN ADVANCE OF ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. ADDITIONALLY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT ALL EXISTING UTILITIES AND MAINTAIN UNINTERRUPTED SERVICE.
- 9. NO TRAFFIC STUDY IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 10. CLEARING SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE "LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE" AS SHOWN ON THE SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN. GRADING SHALL BE DONE IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO PROVIDE POSITIVE DRAINAGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEED AND MULCH ALL DISTURBED AREAS EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE DIRECTED.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE EXTREME CAUTION NOT TO DISTURB THE EXISTING VEGETATION OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF CONSTRUCTION. SOIL STABILIZATION SHALL CONFORM TO "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL," DATED 2011, PUBLISHED JOINTLY BY WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION, SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE, AND STATE SOIL CONSERVATION COMMITTEE.
- 12 ALL FILL AREAS SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY AS DETERMINED AND VERIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AASHTO T-180.
- 13 ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO EXISTING PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. EXISTING PAVING, EXISTING CURB AND GUTTER, EXISTING UTILITIES, ETC. SHALL BE CORRECTED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.



Steve Shavan 12/23/15 CHIEF, TRANSPORTATION DIV.DATE





:	DRN: NSP				
	CHK: BRT				
,_	DATE: 12/15	BY	NO.	REVISION	DATE
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600' SCALE MAP NO. 16 BLOCK NO.

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29 FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

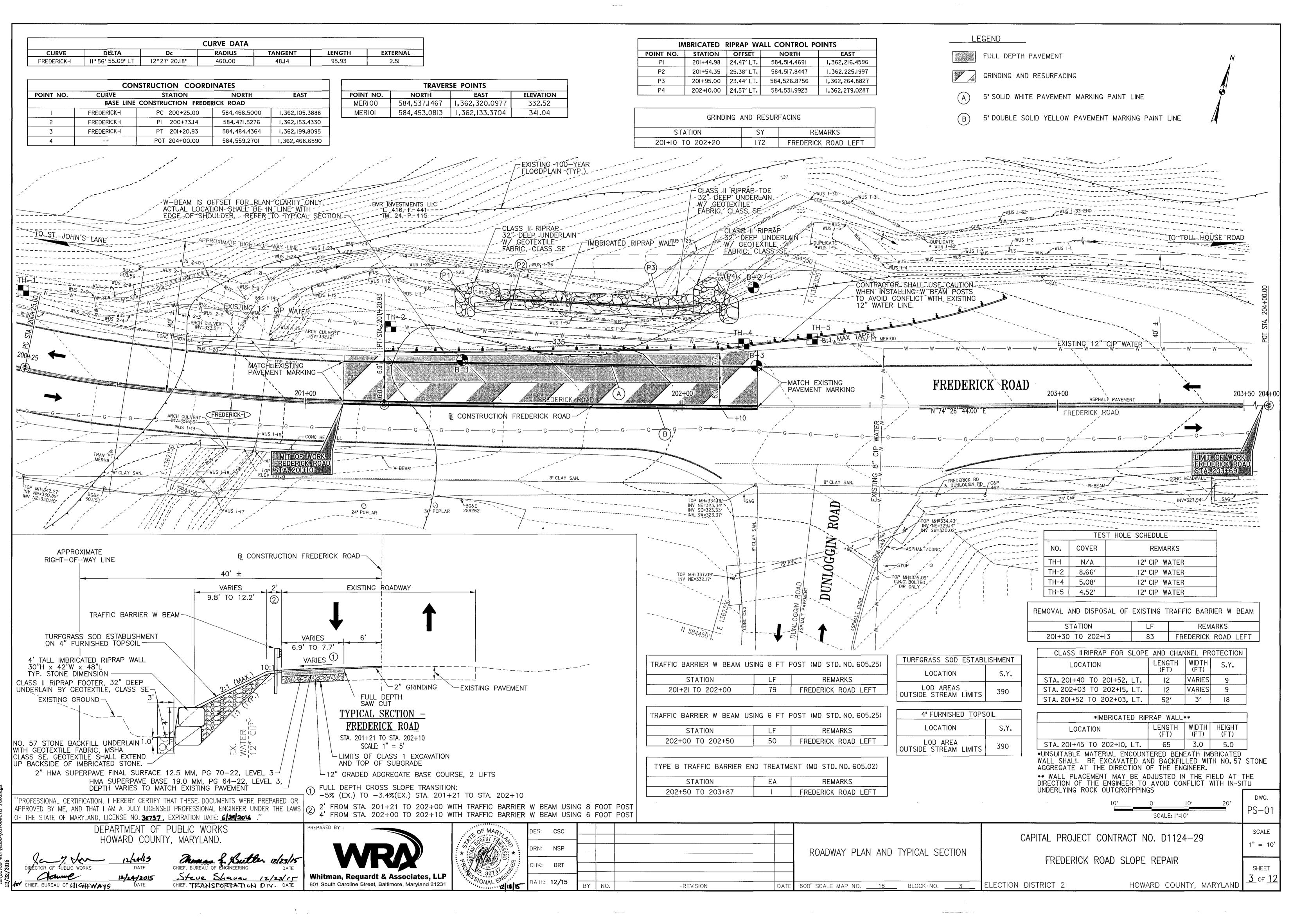
2 of 12 ELECTION DISTRICT 2

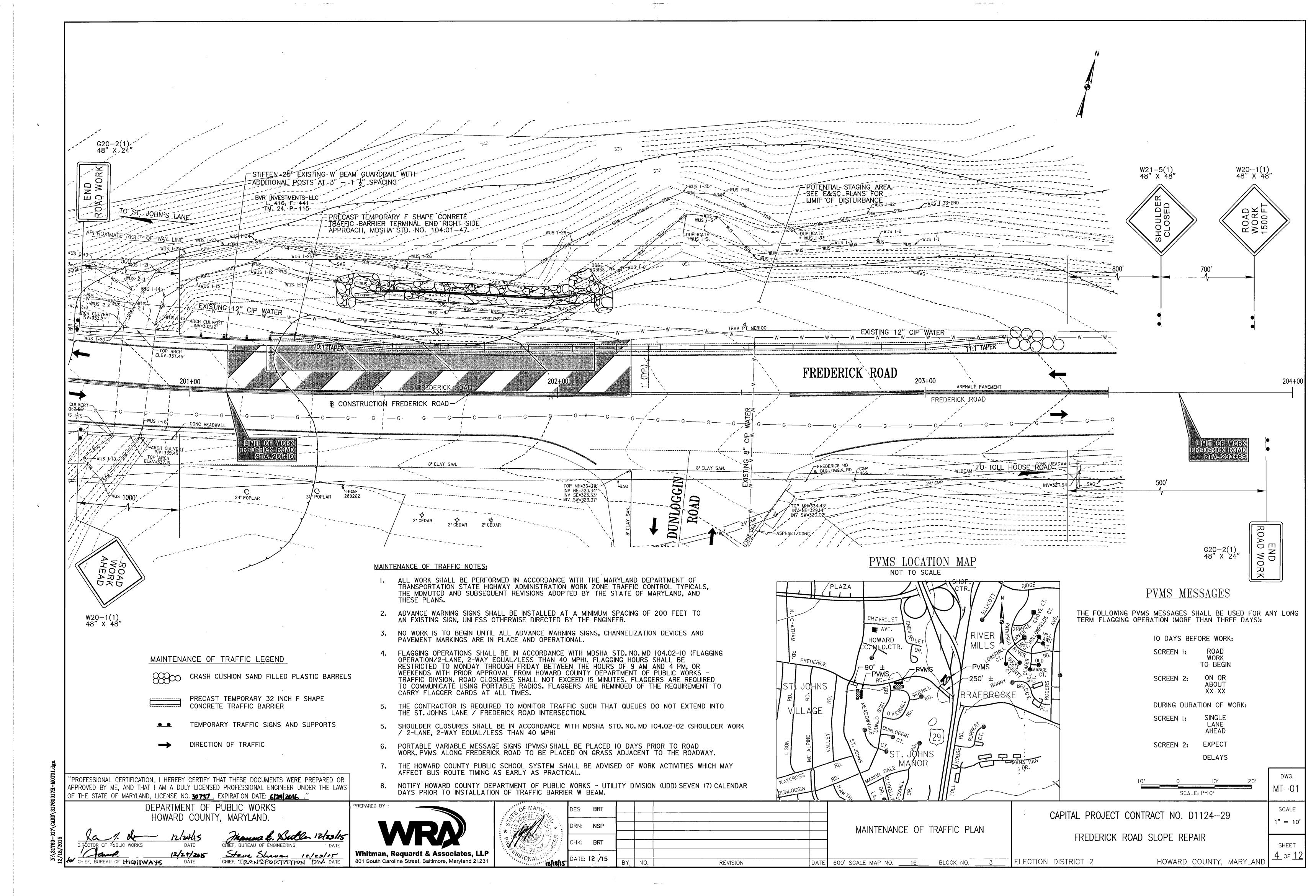
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

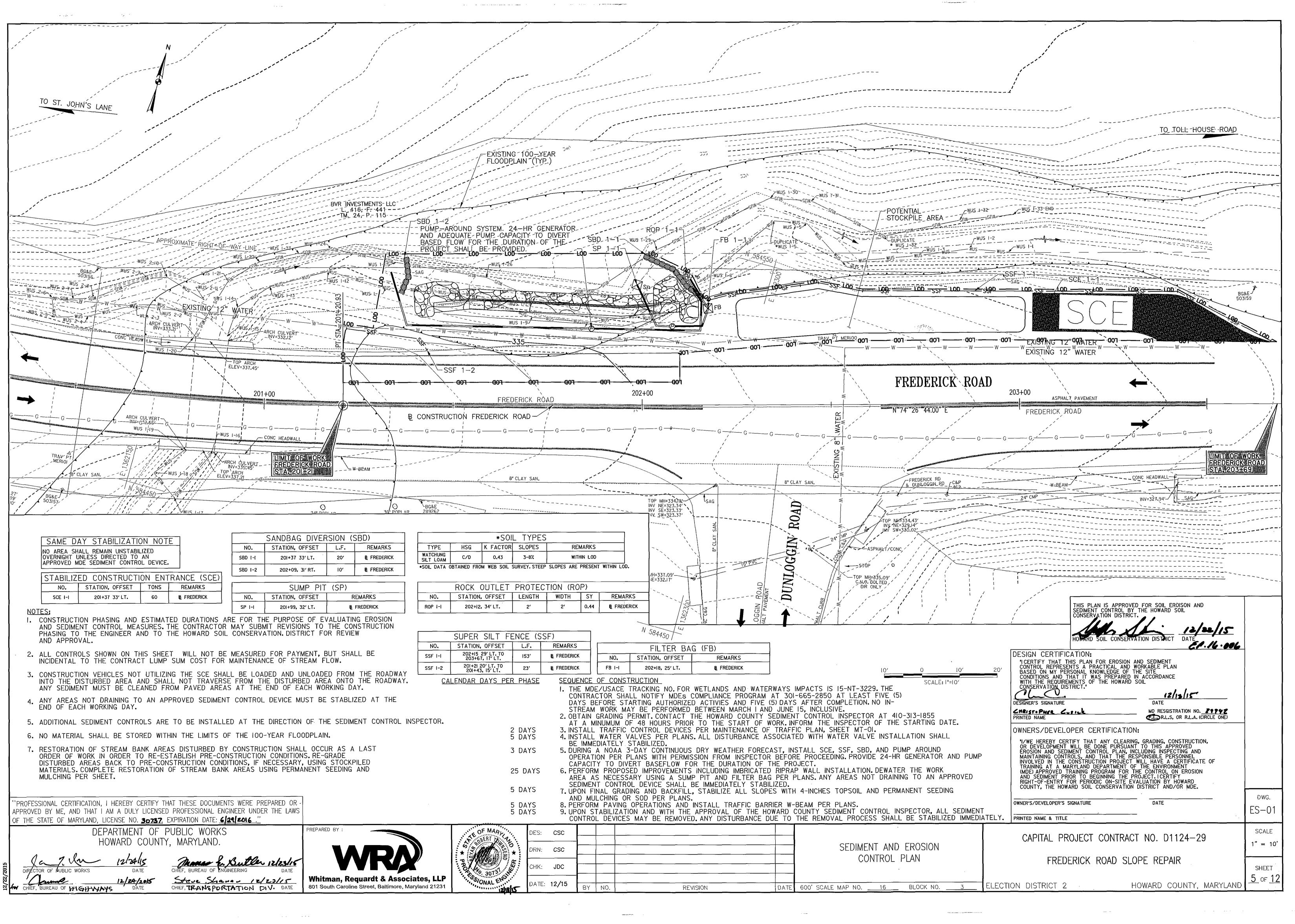
LG-01

SCALE

NONE







B-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

DEFINITION

USING VEGETATION AS COVER TO PROTECT EXPOSED SOIL FROM EROSION.

TO PROMOTE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION ON EXPOSED SOIL.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

ON ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT STABILIZED BY OTHER METHODS. THIS SPECIFICATION IS DIVIDED INTO SECTIONS ON INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION; SOIL PREPARATION, SOIL AMENDMENTS AND TOPSOILING; SEEDING AND MULCHING; TEMPORARY STABILIZATION; AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY

STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE USED TO PROMOTE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATION ON EXPOSED SOIL. WHEN SOIL IS STABILIZED WITH VEGETATION, THE SOIL IS LESS LIKELY TO ERODE AND MORE LIKELY TO ALLOW INFILTRATION OF RAINFALL, THEREBY REDUCING SEDIMENT LOADS AND RUNOFF TO DOWNSTREAM AREAS.

PLANTING VEGETATION IN DISTURBED AREAS WILL HAVE AN EFFECT ON THE WATER BUDGET, ESPECIALLY ON VOLUMES AND RATES OF RUNOFF, INFILTRATION, EVAPORATION, TRANSPIRATION, PERCOLATION, AND GROUNDWATER RECHARGE. OVER TIME, VEGETATION WILL INCREASE ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT AND IMPROVE THE WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF THE SOIL AND SUBSEQUENT PLANT GROWTH.

VEGETATION WILL HELP REDUCE THE MOVEMENT OF SEDIMENT, NUTRIENTS, AND OTHER CHEMICALS CARRIED BY RUNOFF TO RECEIVING WATERS. PLANTS WILL ALSO HELP PROTECT GROUNDWATER SUPPLIES BY ASSIMILATING THOSE SUBSTANCES PRESENT WITHIN THE ROOT ZONE.

SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST REMAIN IN PLACE DURING GRADING, SEEDBED PREPARATION, SEEDING, MULCHING, AND VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT.

ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

INSPECT SEEDED AREAS FOR VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT AND MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS, AND RESEEDINGS WITHIN THE PLANTING SEASON.

I. ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION REQUIRES 95 PERCENT GROUNDCOVER. IF AN AREA HAS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT GROUNDCOVER, RESTABILIZE

FOLLOWING THE ORIGINAL RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LIME, FERTILIZER, SEEDBED PREPARATION, AND SEEDING. 3. IF AN AREA HAS BETWEEN 40 AND 94 PERCENT GROUNDCOVER, OVER-SEED

AND FERTILIZE USING HALF OF THE RATES ORIGINALLY SPECIFIED.

MAINTENANCE FERTILIZER RATES FOR PERMANENT SEEDING ARE SHOWN IN

B-4-I STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

DEFINITION

ESTABLISHMENT OF VEGETATIVE COVER ON CUT AND FILL SLOPES.

TO PROVIDE TIMELY VEGETATIVE COVER ON CUT AND FILL SLOPES AS WORK PROGRESSES.

ANY CUT OR FILL SLOPE GREATER THAN 15 FEET IN HEIGHT, THIS PRACTICE ALSO APPLIES TO STOCKPILES.

INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION - CUT SLOPES

EXCAVATE AND STABILIZE CUT SLOPES IN INCREMENTS NOT TO EXCEED 15 FEET IN HEIGHT. PREPARE SEEDBED AND APPLY SEED AND MULCH ON ALL CUT SLOPES AS THE WORK PROGRESSES.

2. CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE EXAMPLE (REFER TO FIGURE B.I):

CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL TEMPORARY SWALES OR DIKES THAT WILL BE USED TO CONVEY RUNOFF AROUND THE

PERFORM PHASE I EXCAVATION, PREPARE SEEDBED, AND STABILIZE.

PERFORM PHASE 2 EXCAVATION, PREPARE SEEDBED, AND STABILIZE, OVERSEED PHASE I AREAS AS NECESSARY.

PERFORM FINAL PHASE EXCAVATION, PREPARE SEEDBED, AND STABILIZE. OVERSEED PREVIOUSLY SEEDED AREAS AS

NOTE:ONCE EXCAVATION HAS BEGUN THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONTINUOUS FROM GRUBBING THROUGH THE COMPLETION OF GRADING AND PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND PERMANENT SEED AND MULCH. ANY INTERRUPTIONS IN THE OPERATION OR COMPLETING THE OPERATION OUT OF THE SEEDING SEASON WILL NECESSITATE THE APPLICATION OF TEMPORARY STABILIZATION.

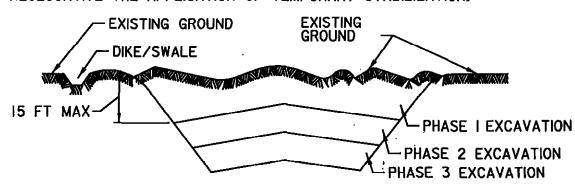


FIGURE B.I: INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION - CUT

INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION - FILL SLOPES

CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE FILL SLOPES IN INCREMENTS NOT TO EXCEED 15 FEET IN HEIGHT. PREPARE SEEDBED AND APPLY SEED AND MULCH ON ALL SLOPES AS THE WORK PROGRESSES.

2. STABILIZE SLOPES IMMEDIATELY WHEN THE VERTICAL HEIGHT OF A LIFT REACHES IS FEET, OR WHEN THE GRADING OPERATION CEASES AS PRESCRIBED IN THE PLANS.

3. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, INSTALL TEMPORARY WATER CONVEYANCE PRACTICE(S), AS NECESSARY, TO INTERCEPT SURFACE RUNOFF AND CONVEY IT DOWN THE SLOPE IN A NON-EROSIVE MANNER.

4. CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE EXAMPLE (REFER TO FIGURE 8.2):

- A. CONSTRUCT AND STABILIZE ALL TEMPORARY SWALES OR DIKES THAT WILL BE USED TO DIVERT RUNOFF AROUND THE FILL. CONSTRUCT SILT FENCE ON LOW SIDE OF FILL UNLESS OTHER METHODS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ADDRESS THIS AREA.
- B. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, INSTALL TEMPORARY WATER CONVEYANCE PRACTICE(S), AS NECESSARY, TO INTERCEPT SURFACE RUNOFF AND CONVEY IT DOWN THE SLOPE IN A NON-EROSIVE MANNER.
- C. PLACE PHASE I FILL, PREPARE SEEDBED, AND STABILIZE.
- D. PLACE PHASE 2 FILL, PREPARE SEEDBED, AND STABILIZE.
- E. PLACE FINAL PHASE FILL, PREPARE SEEDBED, AND STABILIZE. OVERSEED PREVIOUSLY SEEDED AREAS AS NECESSARY.

ONCE THE PLACEMENT OF FILL HAS BEGUN THE OPERATION SHOULD BE CONTINUOUS FROM GRUBBING THROUGH THE COMPLETION OF GRADING AND PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL (IF REQUIRED) AND PERMANENT SEED AND AND PROMERT SEED AND AND PROMERT SEED AND AND PROMERT SEED AND AND PROMERT SEED MULCH, ANY INTERRUPTIONS IN THE OPERATION OR COMPLETING THE OPERATION OUT OF THE SEEDING SEASON WILL NECESSITATE THE

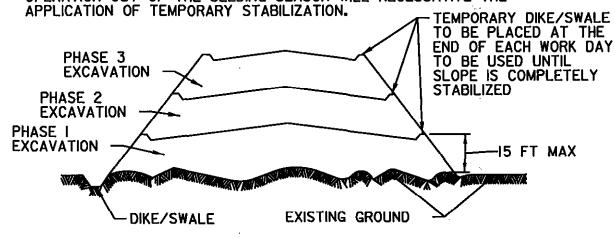


FIGURE B.2: INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION - FILL

B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

THE PROCESS OF PREPARING THE SOILS TO SUSTAIN ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH.

WHERE VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION IS TO BE ESTABLISHED.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

A. SOIL PREPARATION TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

SEEDBED PREPARATION CONSISTS OF LOOSENING SOIL TO A DEPTH OF 3 TO INCHES BY MEANS OF SUITABLE AGRICULTURAL OR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS DISC HARROWS OR CHISEL PLOWS OR RIPPERS MOUNTED ON CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT. AFTER THE SOIL IS LOOSENED, IT MUST NOT BE ROLLED OR DRAGGED SMOOTH BUT LEFT IN THE ROUGHENED CONDITION. SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER ARE TO BE TRACKED WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE.

B. APPLY FERTILIZER AND LIME AS PRESCRIBED ON THE PLANS.

INCORPORATE LIME AND FERTILIZER INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.

2. PERMANENT STABILIZATION

A. A SOIL TEST IS REQUIRED FOR ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. THE MINIMUM SOIL CONDITIONS REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT VEGETATIVE **ESTABLISHMENT ARE:**

I. SOIL PH BETWEEN 6.0 AND 7.0.

SOLUBLE SALTS LESS THAN 500 PARTS PER MILLION (PPM).

III. SOIL CONTAINS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT CLAY BUT ENOUGH FINE GRAINED MATERIAL (GREATER THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) TO PROVIDE THE CAPACITY TO HOLD A MODERATE AMOUNT OF MOISTURE. AN EXCEPTION: IF LOVEGRASS WILL BE PLANTED, THEN A SANDY SOIL (LESS THAN 30 PERCENT SILT PLUS CLAY) WOULD BE

IV. SOIL CONTAINS I.5 PERCENT MINIMUM ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT.

V. SOIL CONTAINS SUFFICIENT PORE SPACE TO PERMIT ADEQUATE ROOT PENETRATION.

B. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS OR TOPSOIL IS REQUIRED IF ON-SITE SOILS DO NOT MEET THE ABOVE CONDITIONS.

GRADED AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED IN A TRUE AND EVEN GRADE AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN, THEN SCARIFIED OR OTHERWISE LOOSENED TO A DEPTH OF

APPLY SOIL AMENDMENTS AS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED PLAN OR AS INDICATED BY THE RESULTS OF A SOIL TEST.

MIX SOIL AMENDMENTS INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS, RAKE LAWN AREAS TO SMOOTH THE SURFACE, REMOVE LARGE OBJECTS LIKE STONES AND BRANCHES, AND READY THE AREA FOR SEED APPLICATION LOOSEN SURFACE SOIL BY DRAGGING WITH A HEAVY CHAIN OR OTHER EQUIPMENT TO ROUGHEN THE SURFACE WHERE SITE CONDITIONS WILL NOT PERMIT NORMAL SEEDBED PREPARATION, TRACK SLOPES 3:1 OR FLATTER WITH TRACKED EQUIPMENT LEAVING THE SOIL IN AN IRREGULAR CONDITION WITH RIDGES RUNNING PARALLEL TO THE CONTOUR OF THE SLOPE, LEAVE THE TOP 1 TO 3 INCHES OF SOIL LOOSE AND FRIABLE. SEEDBED LOOSENING MAY BE UNNECESSARY ON NEWLY DISTURBED AREAS.

B. TOPSOILING

- 1. TOPSOIL IS PLACED OVER PREPARED SUBSOIL PRIOR TO ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION. THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A SUITABLE SOIL MEDIUM FOR VEGETATIVE GROWTH. SOILS OF CONCERN HAVE LOW MOISTURE CONTENT, LOW NUTRIENT LEVELS, LOW PH, MATERIALS TOXIC TO PLANTS, AND/OR UNACCEPTABLE SOIL
- 2. TOPSOIL SALVAGED FROM AN EXISTING SITE MAY BE USED PROVIDED IT MEETS THE STANDARDS AS SET FORTH IN THESE SPECIFICATIONS. TYPICALLY, THE DEPTH OF TOPSOIL TO BE SALVAGED FOR A GIVEN SOIL TYPE CAN BE FOUND IN THE REPRESENTATIVE SOIL PROFILE SECTION IN THE SOIL SURVEY PUBLISHED BY USDA-NRCS.
- 3. TOPSOILING IS LIMITED TO AREAS HAVING 2:1 OR FLATTER SLOPES
- A. THE TEXTURE OF THE EXPOSED SUBSOIL/PARENT MATERIAL IS NOT ADEQUATE TO PRODUCE VEGETATIVE GROWTH.
- THE SOIL MATERIAL IS SO SHALLOW THAT THE ROOTING ZONE IS NOT DEEP ENOUGH TO SUPPORT PLANTS OR FURNISH CONTINUING SUPPLIES OF MOISTURE AND PLANT NUTRIENTS.
- THE ORIGINAL SOIL TO BE VEGETATED CONTAINS MATERIAL TOXIC
- THE SOIL IS SO ACIDIC THAT TREATMENT WITH LIMESTONE IS
- 4. AREAS HAVING SLOPES STEEPER THAN 2:1 REQUIRE SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AND DESIGN.
- 5. TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS: SOIL TO BE USED AS TOPSOIL MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
- TOPSOIL MUST BE A LOAM, SANDY LOAM, CLAY LOAM, SILT LOAM, SANDY CLAY LOAM, OR LOAMY SAND. OTHER SOILS MAY BE USED IF RECOMMENDED BY AN AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE A MIXTURE OF CONTRASTING TEXTURED SUBSOILS AND MUST CONTAIN LESS THAN 5 PERCENT BY VOLUME OF CINDERS, STONES, SLAG, COARSE FRAGMENTS, GRAVEL, STICKS, ROOTS, TRASH, OR OTHER MATERIALS LARGER THAN 1 1/2 INCHES IN DIAMETER.
- TOPSOIL MUST BE FREE OF NOXIOUS PLANTS OR PLANT PARTS SUCH AS BERMUDA GRASS, QUACK GRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, NUT SEDGE, POISON IVY, THISTLE, OR OTHERS AS SPECIFIED.
- TOPSOIL SUBSTITUTES OR AMENDMENTS, AS RECOMMENDED BY A QUALIFIED AGRONOMIST OR SOIL SCIENTIST AND APPROVED BY THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF NATURAL TOPSOIL.

6. TOPSOIL APPLICATION

- A. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES MUST BE MAINTAINED
- UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTE TOPSOIL IN A 5 TO 8 INCH LAYER AND LIGHTLY COMPACT TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 4 INCHES. SPREADING IS TO BE PERFORMED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT SODDING OR SEEDING CAN PROCEED WITH A MINIMUM OF ADDITIONAL SOIL PREPARATION AND TILLAGE, ANY IRREGULARITIES IN THE SURFACE RESULTING FROM TOPSOILING OR OTHER OPERATIONS MUST BE CORRECTED IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE FORMATION OF DEPRESSIONS OR WATER POCKETS.
- TOPSOIL MUST NOT BE PLACED IF THE TOPSOIL OR SUBSOIL IS IN A FROZEN OR MUDDY CONDITION, WHEN THE SUBSOIL IS EXCESSIVELY WET OR IN A CONDITION THAT MAY OTHERWISE BE DETRIMENTAL TO PROPER GRADING AND SEEDBED PREPARATION.

SOIL AMENDMENTS (FERTILIZER AND LIME SPECIFICATIONS)

- 1. SOIL TESTS MUST BE PERFORMED TO DETERMINE THE EXACT RATIOS AND APPLICATION RATES FOR BOTH LIME AND FERTILIZER ON SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREAS OF 5 ACRES OR MORE. SOIL ANALYSIS MAY BE PERFORMED BY A RECOGNIZED PRIVATE OR COMMERCIAL LABORATORY. SOIL SAMPLES TAKEN FOR ENGINEERING PURPOSES MAY ALSO BE USED FOR CHEMICAL ANALYSES.
- 2. FERTILIZERS MUST BE UNIFORM IN COMPOSITION, FREE FLOWING AND SUITABLE FOR ACCURATE APPLICATION BY APPROPRIATE EQUIPMENT. MANURE MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR FERTILIZER WITH PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE APPROPRIATE APPROVAL AUTHORITY FERTILIZERS MUST ALL BE DELIVERED TO THE SITE FULLY LABELED ACCORDING TO THE APPLICABLE LAWS AND MUST BEAR THE NAME, TRADE NAME OR TRADEMARK AND WARRANTY OF THE PRODUCER.
- 3. LIME MATERIALS MUST BE GROUND LIMESTONE (HYDRATED OR BURNT LIME MAY BE SUBSTITUTED EXCEPT WHEN HYDROSEEDING) WHICH CONTAINS AT LEAST 50 PERCENT TOTAL OXIDES (CALCIUM OXIDE PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDE). LIMESTONE MUST BE GROUND TO SUCH FINENESS THAT AT LEAST 50 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #100 MESH SIEVE AND 98 TO 100 PERCENT WILL PASS THROUGH A #20
- 4. LIME AND FERTILIZER ARE TO BE EVENLY DISTRIBUTED AND INCORPORATED INTO THE TOP 3 TO 5 INCHES OF SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS.
- 5. WHERE THE SUBSOIL IS EITHER HIGHLY ACIDIC OR COMPOSED OF HEAVY CLAYS, SPREAD GROUND LIMESTONE AT THE RATE OF 4 TO 8 TONS/ACRE (200-400 POUNDS PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET) PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF TOPSOIL.

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

SEEDING AND MULCHING

DEFINITION THE APPLICATION OF SEED AND MULCH TO ESTABLISH VEGETATIVE COVER.

TO PROTECT DISTURBED SOILS FROM EROSION DURING AND AT THE END OF CONSTRUCTION. CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, SLOPES, AND ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

A. SEEDING

SPECIFICATIONS

- ALL SEED MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE MARYLAND STATE SEED LAW. ALL SEED MUST BE SUBJECT TO RE-TESTING BY A RECOGNIZED SEED LABORATORY. ALL SEED USED MUST HAVE BEEN TESTED WITHIN THE 6 MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF SOWING SUCH MATERIAL ON ANY PROJECT. REFER TO TABLE B.4 REGARDING THE QUALITY OF SEED. SEED TAGS MUST BE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE NSPECTOR TO VERIFY TYPE OF SEED AND SEEDING RATE.
- MULCH ALONE MAY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES ONLY IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN. THE APPROPRIATE SEEDING MIXTURE MUST BE APPLIED WHEN THE GROUND THAWS.
- INOCULANTS: THE INOCULANT FOR TREATING LEGUME SEED IN THE SEED MIXTURES MUST BE A PURE CULTURE OF NITROGEN FIXING BACTERIA PREPARED SPECIFICALLY FOR THE SPECIES.
 INOCULANTS MUST NOT BE USED LATER THAN THE DATE
 INDICATED ON THE CONTAINER. ADD FRESH INOCULANTS AS
 DIRECTED ON THE PACKAGE. USE FOUR TIMES THE RECOMMENDED RATE WHEN HYDROSEEDING. NOTE: IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO KEEP INOCULANT AS COOL AS POSSIBLE UNTIL USED. TEMPERATURES ABOVE 75 TO 80 DEGREES FAHRENHEIT CAN WEAKEN BACTERIA AND MAKE THE INOCULANT LESS EFFECTIVE.
- SOD OR SEED MUST NOT BE PLACED ON SOIL WHICH HAS BEEN TREATED WITH SOIL STERILANTS OR CHEMICALS USED FOR WEED CONTROL UNTIL SUFFICIENT TIME HAS ELAPSED (14 DAYS MIN.) TO PERMIT DISSIPATION OF PHYTO-TOXIC MATERIALS

APPLICATION

- DRY SEEDING: THIS INCLUDES USE OF CONVENTIONAL DROP OR BROADCAST SPREADERS.
- I.INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE SUBSOIL AT THE RATES PRESCRIBED ON TEMPORARY SEEDING TABLE B.I, PERMANENT SEEDING TABLE B.3, OR SITE-SPECIFIC SEEDING SUMMARIES.
- NAPPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER, APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION. ROLL THE SEEDED AREA WITH A WEIGHTED ROLLER TO PROVIDE GOOD SEED TO SOIL CONTACT.
- DRILL OR CULTIPACKER SEEDING: MECHANIZED SEEDERS THAT APPLY AND COVER SEED WITH SOIL.
- I.CULTIPACKING SEEDERS ARE REQUIRED TO BURY THE SEED IN SUCH A FASHION AS TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 1/4 INCH OF SOIL COVERING. SEEDBED MUST BE FIRM AFTER PLANTING.
- II.APPLY SEED IN TWO DIRECTIONS, PERPENDICULAR TO EACH OTHER. APPLY HALF THE SEEDING RATE IN EACH DIRECTION.
- HYDROSEEDING: APPLY SEED UNIFORMLY WITH HYDROSEEDER (SLURRY INCLUDES SEED AND FERTILIZER).
- I.IF FERTILIZER IS BEING APPLIED AT THE TIME OF SEEDING,
 THE APPLICATION RATES SHOULD NOT EXCEED THE FOLLOWING: NITROGEN, 100 POUNDS PER ACRE TOTAL OF SOLUBLE NITROGEN; P205 (PHOSPHOROUS), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE; K20 (POTASSIUM), 200 POUNDS PER ACRE.
- II.LIME: USE ONLY GROUND AGRICULTURAL LIMESTONE (UP TO 3 TONS PER ACRE MAY BE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING). NORMALLY, NOT MORE THAN 2 TONS ARE APPLIED BY HYDROSEEDING AT ANY ONE TIME. DO NOT USE BURNT OR HYDRATED LIME WHEN HYDROSEEDING.
- III.MIX SEED AND FERTILIZER ON SITE AND SEED IMMEDIATELY AND WITHOUT INTERRUPTION.
- IV. WHEN HYDROSEEDING DO NOT INCORPORATE SEED INTO THE

DESIGN CERTIFICATION

NOTES CONTINUE ON SHEET ES-03.

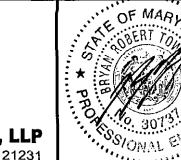
"ICERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT." 14/18/18 DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE DATE CHRISTOPHER CUSICK MD RESGISTRATION NO. 39942 PRINTED NAME R.L.S. OR R.L.A. (CIRCLE ONE) OWNERS/DEVELOPERS CERTIFICATION "I/WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS, AND THAT THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE CONTROL ON EROSION (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE. OWNER'S/DEVELOPER'S SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME & TITLE

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29

FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

ELECTION DISTRICT 2 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 30737. EXPIRATION DATE: 6/29/2016' PREPARED BY:



CSC DRN: CHK: JDC ATE: 12/15 BY NO.

CSC

REVISION

BLOCK NO.

SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION

CONTROL NOTES

CHIEF, BUREAU OF LHGHWAYS

12/24/2015

DATE

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

CHIEF, BUREAU OF I

Steve Shavar CHIEF, TRANSFORTATION DIV. DATE

Whitman, Requardt & Associates, LLP 801 South Caroline Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21231

600' SCALE MAP NO.

DWG.

ES-02

SCALE

NONE

SHEET

<u>6</u> of <u>12</u>

- A. STRAW CONSISTING OF THOROUGHLY THRESHED WHEAT, RYE, OAT, OR BARLEY AND REASONABLY BRIGHT IN COLOR. STRAW IS TO BE FREE OF NOXIOUS WEED SEEDS AS SPECIFIED IN THE MARYLAND SEED LAW AND NOT MUSTY, MOLDY, CAKED, DECAYED, OR EXCESSIVELY DUSTY, NOTE: USE ONLY STERILE STRAW MULCH IN AREAS WHERE ONE SPECIES OF GRASS IS DESIRED.
- WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH (WCFM) CONSISTING OF SPECIALLY PREPARED WOOD CELLULOSE PROCESSED INTO A UNIFORM FIBROUS PHYSICAL STATE.
- I.WCFM IS TO BE DYED GREEN OR CONTAIN A GREEN DYE IN THE PACKAGE THAT WILL PROVIDE AN APPROPRIATE COLOR TO FACILITATE VISUAL INSPECTION OF THE UNIFORMLY SPREAD
- II.WCFM, INCLUDING DYE, MUST CONTAIN NO GERMINATION OR GROWTH INHIBITING FACTORS.
- III.WCFM MATERIALS ARE TO BE MANUFACTURED AND PROCESSED IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MULCH WILL REMAIN IN UNIFORM SUSPENSION IN WATER UNDER AGITATION AND WILL BLEND WITH SEED, FERTILIZER AND OTHER ADDITIVES TO FORM A HOMOGENEOUS SLURRY. THE MULCH MATERIAL MUST FORM A BLOTTER-LIKE GROUND COVER, ON APPLICATION, HAVING MOISTURE ABSORPTION AND PERCOLATION PROPERTIES AND MUST COVER AND HOLD GRASS SEED IN CONTACT WITH THE SOIL WITHOUT INHIBITING THE GROWTH OF THE GRASS SEEDLINGS.
- IV.WCFM MATERIAL MUST NOT CONTAIN ELEMENTS OR COMPOUNDS AT CONCENTRATION LEVELS THAT WILL BE PHYTO-TOXIC.
- V. WCFM MUST CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS: FIBER LENGTH OF APPROXIMATELY 10 MILLIMETERS, DIAMETER APPROXIMATELY I MILLIMETER, PH RANGE OF 4.0 TO 8.5, ASH CONTENT OF 1.6 PERCENT MAXIMUM AND WATER HOLDING CAPACITY OF 90 PERCENT
- 2. APPLICATION
- APPLY MULCH TO ALL SEEDED AREAS IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING.
- WHEN STRAW MULCH IS USED, SPREAD IT OVER ALL SEEDED AREAS AT THE RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE TO A UNIFORM LOOSE DEPTH OF 1 TO 2 INCHES, APPLY MULCH TO ACHIEVE A UNIFORM DISTRIBUTION AND DEPTH SO THAT THE SOIL SURFACE IS NOT EXPOSED. WHEN USING A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL, INCREASE THE APPLICATION RATE TO 2.5 TONS PER ACRE.
- WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER USED AS MULCH MUST BE APPLIED AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 1500 POUNDS PER ACRE, MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER TO ATTAIN A MIXTURE WITH A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.
- ANCHORING
- PERFORM MULCH ANCHORING IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING APPLICATION OF MULCH TO MINIMIZE LOSS BY WIND OR WATER. THIS MAY BE DONE BY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS (LISTED BY PREFERENCE), DEPENDING UPON THE SIZE OF THE AREA AND **EROSION HAZARD:**
- I.A MULCH ANCHORING TOOL IS A TRACTOR DRAWN IMPLEMENT DESIGNED TO PUNCH AND ANCHOR MULCH INTO THE SOIL SURFACE A MINIMUM OF 2 INCHES. THIS PRACTICE IS MOST EFFECTIVE ON LARGE AREAS, BUT IS LIMITED TO FLATTER SLOPES WHERE EQUIPMENT CAN OPERATE SAFELY. IF USED ON SLOPING LAND, THIS PRACTICE SHOULD FOLLOW THE CONTOUR.
- 11.WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER MAY BE USED FOR ANCHORING STRAW. APPLY THE FIBER BINDER AT A NET DRY WEIGHT OF 750 POUNDS PER ACRE. MIX THE WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER WITH WATER AT A MAXIMUM OF 50 POUNDS OF WOOD CELLULOSE FIBER PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER.
- III.SYNTHETIC BINDERS SUCH AS ACRYLIC DLR (AGRO-TACK), DCA-70, PETROSET, TERRA TAX II, TERRA TACK AR OR OTHER APPROVED EQUAL MAY BE USED FOLLOW APPLICATION RATES AS SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER. APPLICATION OF LIQUID BINDERS NEEDS TO BE HEAVIER AT THE EDGES WHERE WIND CATCHES MULCH, SUCH AS IN VALLEYS AND ON CRESTS OF BANKS, USE OF ASPHALT BINDERS IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.
- IV.LIGHTWEIGHT PLASTIC NETTING MAY BE STAPLED OVER THE MULCH ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. NETTING IS USUALLY AVAILABLE IN ROLLS 4 TO 15 FEET WIDE AND 300 TO 3,000 FEET LONG.

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TEMPORARY STABILIZATION <u>DEFINITION</u>

- TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH VEGETATION FOR UP TO 6 MONTHS. <u>PURPOSE</u>
- TO USE FAST GROWING VEGETATION THAT PROVIDES COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OR LESS. FOR LONGER DURATION OF TIME. PERMANENT STABILIZATION PRACTICES ARE REQUIRED.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION. I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR

PPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 30737, EXPIRATION DATE: 612016

<u>CRITERIA</u>

- I.SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR SEED MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.I FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3), AND ENTER THEM IN THE TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY BELOW ALONG WITH APPLICATION RATES, SEEDING DATES AND SEEDING DEPTHS. IF THIS SUMMARY IS NOT PUT ON THE PLAN AND COMPLETED, THEN TABLE B.I PLUS FERTILIZER AND LIME RATES MUST BE PUT ON
- 2.FOR SITES HAVING SOIL TESTS PERFORMED, USE AND SHOW THE RECOMMENDED RATES BY THE TESTING AGENCY. SOIL TESTS ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING.
- 3. WHEN STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED OUTSIDE OF A SEEDING SEASON, APPLY SEED AND MULCH OR STRAW MULCH ALONE AS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION B-4-3.A.I.B AND MAINTAIN UNTIL THE NEXT SEEDING

TABLE B.I - TEMPORARY SEEDING SUMMARY

		ZONE (FROM FIGUR	FERTILIZER RATE	LIME RATE			
NO.	SPECIES	APPLICATION RATE (LB/AC)	SEEDING DATES	SEEDING DEPTHS	(10-20-20)	Lave HATE	
-	OATS	72	2/15-4/30, 8/15-11/30	I-IN	436 LB/AC	2 TONS/AC	
2	FOXTAIL MILLET	30	05/01-08/14	/2-IN	(IO LB/IOOO SF)	(90 LB/1000 SF	

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

PERMANENT STABILIZATION

<u>DEFINITION</u>

- TO STABILIZE DISTURBED SOILS WITH PERMANENT VEGETATION
- TO USE LONG LIVED PERENNIAL GRASSES AND LEGUMES TO ESTABLISH PERMANENT GROUND COVER ON DISTURBED SOILS

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

EXPOSED SOILS WHERE GROUND COVER IS NEEDED FOR A PERIOD OF 6 MONTHS OR MORE

- A. SEED MIXTURES
- I. GENERAL USE
- A. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.3 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3) AND BASED ON THE SITE CONDITION OR PURPOSE FOUND ON TABLE B.2. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE
- ADDITIONAL PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONAL SITES SUCH AS SHORELINES, STREAM BANKS, OR DUNES OR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES SUCH AS WILDLIFE OR AESTHETIC TREATMENT MAY BE FOUND IN USDA-NRCS TECHNICAL FIELD OFFICE GUIDE, SECTION 342 - CRITICAL AREA PLANTING.
- C. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES, USE AND SHOW THE RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOIL TESTING AGENCY
- D. FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW MAINTENANCE, APPLY UREA FORM FERTILIZER (46-0-0) AT 3.5 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (150 POUNDS PER ACRE) AT THE TIME OF SEEDING IN ADDITION TO THE SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOWN IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING
- 2. TURFGRASS MIXTURES
- AREAS WHERE TURFGRASS MAY BE DESIRED INCLUDE LAWNS, PARKS, PLAYGROUNDS, AND COMMERCIAL SITES WHICH WILL RECEIVE A MEDIUM TO HIGH LEVEL OF MAINTENANCE.
- B. SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED BELOW BASED ON THE SITE CONDITIONS OR PURPOSE. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE PLAN.
- I.KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS THAT RECEIVE INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT, IRRIGATION REQUIRED IN THE AREAS OF CENTRAL MARYLAND AND EASTERN SHORE. ECOMMENDED CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS SEEDING RATE: 1.5 TO 2.0 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT.
- II.KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/PERENNIAL RYE: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN FULL SUN AREAS WHERE RAPID ESTABLISHMENT IS NECESSARY AND WHEN TURF WILL RECEIVE MEDIUM TO INTENSIVE MANAGEMENT, CERTIFIED PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CULTIVARS/CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS SEEDING RATE: 2 POUNDS MIXTURE PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. CHOOSE A MINIMUM OF THREE KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS WITH EACH RANGING FROM 10 TO 35 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL MIXTURE BY WEIGHT.
- III.TALL FESCUE/KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS: FULL SUN MIXTURE: FOR USE IN DROUGHT PRONE AREAS AND/OR FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW TO MEDIUM MANAGEMENT IN FULL SUN TO MEDIUM SHADE. RECOMMENDED MIXTURE INCLUDES; CERTIFIED TALL FESCUE CULTIVARS 95 TO 100 PERCENT. CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS O TO 5 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 5 TO 8 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET. ONE OR MORE CULTIVARS MAY BE BLENDED.

IV. KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS/FINE FESCUE: SHADE MIXTURE: FOR USE IN AREAS WITH SHADE IN BLUEGRASS LAWNS, FOR ESTABLISHMENT IN HIGH QUALITY, INTENSIVELY MANAGED TURF AREA. MIXTURE INCLUDES; CERTIFIED KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS CULTIVARS 30 TO 40 PERCENT AND CERTIFIED FINE FESCUE AND 60 TO 70 PERCENT. SEEDING RATE: 1.5 TO 3 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

SELECT TURFGRASS VARIETIES FROM THOSE LISTED IN THE MOST CURRENT UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND PUBLICATION, AGRONOMY MEMO #77, "TURFGRASS CULTIVAR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR MARYLAND"

CHOOSE CERTIFIED MATERIAL. CERTIFIED MATERIAL IS THE BEST GUARANTEE OF CULTIVAR PURITY, CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, TURF AND SEED SECTION. PROVIDES A RELIABLE MEANS OF CONSUMER PROTECTION AND ASSURES A PURE GENETIC LINE.

- C. IDEAL TIMES OF SEEDING FOR TURF GRASS MIXTURES WESTERN MD: MARCH 15 TO JUNE 1, AUGUST 1 TO OCTOBER 1 (HARDINESS ZONES: 5B, 6A) CENTRAL MD: MARCH I TO MAY 15, AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONE: 6B) SOUTHERN MD, EASTERN SHORE: MARCH I TO MAY 15. AUGUST 15 TO OCTOBER 15 (HARDINESS ZONES: 7A, 7B)
- D. TILL AREAS TO RECEIVE SEED BY DISKING OR OTHER APPROVED METHODS TO A DEPTH OF 2 TO 4 INCHES, LEVEL AND RAKE THE AREAS TO PREPARE A PROPER SEEDBED. REMOVE STONES AND DEBRIS OVER 1.5 INCHES IN DIAMETER. THE RESULTING SEEDBED MUST BE IN SUCH CONDITION THAT FUTURE MOWING OF GRASSES WILL POSE NO DIFFICULTY.
- E. IF SOIL MOISTURE IS DEFICIENT, SUPPLY NEW SEEDINGS WITH ADEQUATE WATER FOR PLANT GROWTH (0.5 TO I INCH EVERY 3 TO 4 DAYS DEPENDING ON SOIL TEXTURE) UNTIL THEY ARE FIRMLY ESTABLISHED. THIS IS ESPECIALLY TRUE WHEN SEEDINGS ARE MADE LATE IN THE PLANTING SEASON, IN ABNORMALLY DRY OR HOT SEASONS, OR ON ADVERSE SITES.
- B. SOD: TO PROVIDE QUICK COVER ON DISTURBED AREAS (2:1 GRADE OR FLATTER).

I.GENERAL USE

- A.SELECT ONE OR MORE OF THE SPECIES OR MIXTURES LISTED IN TABLE B.3 FOR THE APPROPRIATE PLANT HARDINESS ZONE (FROM FIGURE B.3) AND BASED ON THE SITE CONDITION OR PURPOSE FOUND ON TABLE B.2. ENTER SELECTED MIXTURE(S), APPLICATION RATES, AND SEEDING DATES IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING SUMMARY. THE SUMMARY IS TO BE PLACED ON THE
- B.ADDITIONAL PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONAL SITES SUCH AS SHORELINES, STREAM BANKS, OR DUNES OR FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES SUCH AS WILDLIFE OR AESTHETIC TREATMENT MAY BE FOUND IN USDA-NRCS TECHNICAL FIELD OFFICE GUIDE, SECTION 342 - CRITICAL AREA PLANTING.
- C. FOR SITES HAVING DISTURBED AREA OVER 5 ACRES, USE AND SHOW THE RATES RECOMMENDED BY THE SOIL TESTING AGENCY
- D. FOR AREAS RECEIVING LOW MAINTENANCE, APPLY UREA FORM FERTILIZER (46-0-0) AT 3.5 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET (150 POUNDS PER ACRE) AT THE TIME OF SEEDING IN ADDITION TO THE SOIL AMENDMENTS SHOWN IN THE PERMANENT SEEDING

Permanent Seeding Summary

Haro Seec	liness Zon I Mixture	e (from Fig (from Table	ure B.3): B.3): _	7 <u>A</u>	Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	Lime Rate
ı	COASTAL PANIC GRASS	10	10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/1		90 pounds 90	90 pounds	0 pounds 2 tons/ac	
	CREEPING RED FESCUE	15	2/15-4/30, 8/15-10/31, 11/01-11/30	1/4-1/2 in.	per gare	per acre 2 lb/	per ggre (2 lb/	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
	BUSH CLOVER	2	2/15-4/30, 8/15-10/31, 11/01-11/30	1/4-1/2 in.				

EARTH DIKE TEMPORARY SWALE PERIMETER DIKE/SWALE STONE CHECK DAM STONE OUTLET STRUCTURE SILT FENCE SUPER SILT FENCE ⊢SSF ——SSF — STRAW BALES STANDARD INLET PROTECTION AT GRADE INLET PROTECTION CURB INLET PROTECTION MEDIAN INLET PROTECTION GABION INFLOW PROTECTION RIPRAP INFLOW PROTECTION ∑ SP .⊠ RPS REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION **⊠** PST PORTABLE SEDIMENT TANK INTERCEPTOR BERM TB TEMPORARY BERM PIPE SLOPE DRAIN STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE KKKKK SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING PLACED RIPRAP DITCH CONCRETE GUTTER STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP _____ RIPRAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP STONE/RIPRAP OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP PIPE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE EXISTING CONTOURS PROPOSED CONTOURS TEMPORARY GABION OUTLET STRUCTURE ASPHALT BERM ESC DEVICE DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY ______ SANDBAG DIVERSION 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN DESIGN CERTIFICATION "I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT." MD_RESGISTRATION NO. 37742 P.E. R.L.S. OR R.L.A. (CIRCLE ONE) "I/WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS, AND THAT THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE.

DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE CHRISTOPHER CUER OWNERS/DEVELOPERS CERTIFICATION

WNER'S/DEVELOPER'S SIGNATURE DATE PRINTED NAME & TITLE

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29

FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

PUBLIC WORKS CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

Steve Shavan 12/23/15 CHIEF, TRANSPORTATION DIV. DATE





ES: **CSC** JDC CHK: 600' SCALE MAP NO. 16 ___ REVISION

CONTROL NOTES

BLOCK NO.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION

THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROISON AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

ELECTION DISTRICT 2

SHEET $^\prime$ of 12HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DWG.

ES-03

SCALE

AS SHOWN

- WRAP PIPE WITH 1/4 INCH GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH AND WRAP NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, OVER THE HARDWARE CLOTH.
- 3. EXCAVATE PIT TO THREE TIMES THE PIPE DIAMETER AND FOUR FEET IN DEPTH, PLACE 1/4 TO 11/2 INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE, 6 INCHES IN DEPTH PRIOR TO PIPE PLACEMENT.
- 4. SET TOP OF PIPE MINIMUM 12 INCHES ABOVE ANTICIPATED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION. . BACKFILL PIT AROUND THE PIPE WITH 3/4 TO 1/2 INCH CLEAN STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE AND EXTEND STONE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES ABOVE ANTICIPATED WATER SURFACE
- 6. DISCHARGE TO A STABLE AREA AT A NONEROSIVE RATE.
- A SUMP PIT REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. IF SYSTEM CLOGS, REMOVE PERFORATED PIPE AND REPLACE GEOTEXTILE AND STONE. KEEP POINT OF DISCHARGE FREE OF EROSION.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE FURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

STANDARD SYMBOL DETAIL B-1 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION SCE SCE ENTRANCE MOUNTABLE BERM - EXISTING PAVEMENT EXISTING CROUND-1-7-QQXX; XXXXXX -EARTH FILL AGGREGATE OVER LENGTH AND WIDTH OF ENTRANCE -PIPE (SEE NOTE 6) PROFILE 50 FT MIN. LENGTH * EXISTINGPAVEMENT PLAN VIEW CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

- PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (+30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS.
- PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE, PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE, PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY, A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH
- PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-I MATERIALS.
- PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE (WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.
- MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT, ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

MGWC 1.2: Pump-Around Practice

Cemporary measure for dewatering i channel construction sites

DESCRIPTION

The work should consist of installing a temporary pump around and supporting measures to divert flow around in-

IMPLEMENTATION SEQUENCE

Sediment control measures, pump-around practices, and associated channel and bank construction should be completed in the following sequence (refer to Detail 1.2):

- . Construction activities including the installation of erosion and sediment control measures should not begin until all necessary easements and/or right-of-ways have been acquired. All existing utilities should be marked in the field prior to construction. The contractor is responsible for any damage to existing utilities that may result from construction and should repair the damage at his/her own expense to the county's or utility
- The contractor should notify the Maryland Department of the Environment or WMA sediment control inspector at least 5 days before beginning construction. Additionally, the contractor should inform the local environmental protection and resource management inspection and enforcement division and the provider of local utilities a minimum of 48 hours before starting construction.
- The contractor should conduct a pre-construction meeting on site with the WMA sediment control inspector, the county project manager, and the engineer to review limits of disturbance, erosion and sediment control requirements, and the sequence of construction. The contractor should stake out all limits of disturbance prior to the pre-construction meeting so they may be reviewed. The participants will also designate the contractor's staging areas and flag all trees within the limit of disturbance which will be removed for construction access. Trees should not be removed within the limit of disturbance without approval from the WMA or local authority.
- Construction should not begin until all sediment and erosion control measures have been installed and approved by the engineer and the sediment control inspector. The contractor should stay within the limits of the isturbance as shown on the plans and minimize disturbance within the work area whenever possible.
- 5. Upon installation of all sediment control measures and approval by the sediment control inspector and the local environmental protection and resource management inspection and enforcement division, the contractor should begin work at the upstream section and proceed downstream beginning with the establishment of stabilized construction entrances. In some cases, work may begin downstream if appropriate. The sequence of construction must be followed unless the contractor gets written approval for deviations from the WMA or local authority. The contractor should only begin work in an area which can be completed by the end of the day including grading adjacent to the channel. At the end of each work day, the work area must be stabilized and the pump around removed from the channel. Work should not be conducted in the channel during rain events.

 NOTE: REFERENCE SOC NO. 5 ON SHEET 5.
- 6. Sandbag dikes should be situated at the upstream and downstream ends of the work area as shown on the plans, and stream flow should be pumped around the work area. The pump should discharge onto a stable velocity dissipater made of riprap or sandbags.

TEMPORARY INSTREAM CONSTRUCTION MEASURES

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT IVATERIVAY CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

PAGE 1.2 - 1

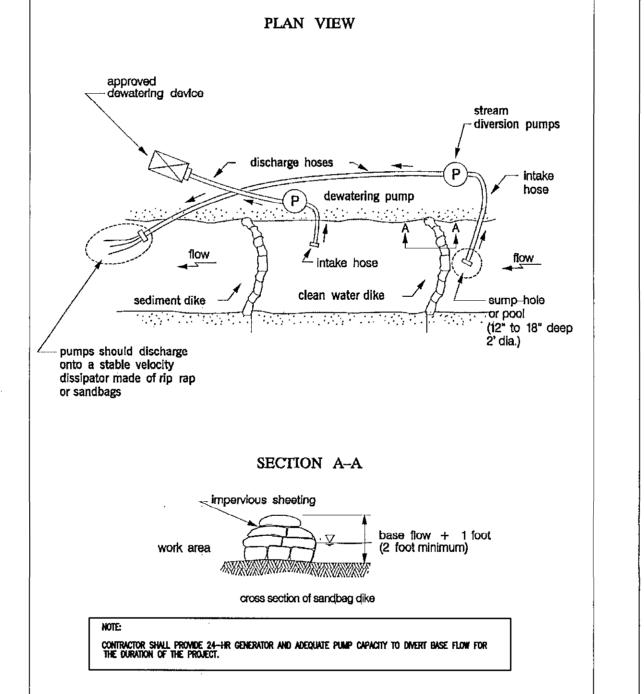
MGWC 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE

- 7. Water from the work area should be pumped to a sediment filtering measure such as a dewatering basin, sediment bag, or other approved source. The measure should be located such that the water drains back into the channel below the downstream sandbag dike.
- 8. Traversing a channel reach with equipment within the work area where no work is proposed should be avoided. If equipment has to traverse such a reach for access to another area, then timber mats or similar measures should be used to minimize disturbance to the channel. Temporary stream crossings should be used only when necessary and only where noted on the plans or specified. (See Section 4, Stream Crossings, Maryland Guidelines to Waterway Construction).
- 9. All stream restoration measures should be installed as indicated by the plans and all banks graded in accordance with the grading plans and typical cross-sections. All grading must be stabilized at the end of each day with seed and mulch or seed and matting as specified on the plans.
- After an area is completed and stabilized, the clean water dike should be removed. After the first sediment flush, a new clean water dike should be established upstream from the old sediment dike. Finally, upon establishment of a new sediment dike below the old one, the old sediment dike should be removed.
- 11. A pump around must be installed on any tributary or storm drain outfall which contributes baseflow to the work area. This should be accomplished by locating a sandbag dike at the downstream end of the tributary or storm drain outfall and pumping the stream flow around the work area. This water should discharge onto the same velocity dissipater used for the main stem pump around.
- 12. If a tributary is to be restored, construction should take place on the tributary before work on the main stem reaches the tributary confluence. Construction in the tributary, including pump around practices, should follow the same sequence as for the main stem of the river or stream. When construction on the tributary is completed, work on the main stem should resume. Water from the tributary should continue to be pumped around the work area in the main stem.
- 13. The contractor is responsible for providing access to and maintaining all erosion and sediment control devices until the sediment control inspector approves their removal.
- 14. After construction, all disturbed areas should be regraded and revegetated as per the planting plan.

TEMPORARY INSTREAM CONSTRUCTION MEASURES MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT WATERIYAY CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

PAGE 1.2 - 2

Maryland's Guidelines To Waterway Construction DETAIL 1.2: PUMP-AROUND PRACTICE



THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROISON AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

I. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING MUST OCCUR WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS. CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIVISION (CID), 410-313-1855 AFTER THE FUTURE LOD AND PROTECTED AREAS ARE MARKED CLEARLY IN THE FIELD. A MINIMUM OF 48 HOUR NOTICE TO CID MUST BE GIVEN AT THE FOLLOWING STAGES:

A. PRIOR TO THE START OF EARTH DISTURBANCE, B. UPON COMPLETION OF THE INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING.

- C. PRIOR TO THE START OF ANOTHER PHASE OF CONSTRUCTION OR OPENING OF ANOTHER GRADING UNIT.
- D. PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES.
- 2. ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. AND REVISIONS THERETO.

3. FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION IS REQUIRED WITHIN THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO I VERTICAL (3:1): AND SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE EXCEPT FOR THOSE AREAS UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

4. ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR TOPSOIL (SEC. B-4-2), PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. B-4-5), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. B-4-4) AND MULCHING (SEC. B-4-3). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE APPLIED BETWEEN THE FALL AND SPRING SEEDING DATES IF THE GROUND IS FROZEN, INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION (SEC. B-4-1) SPECIFICATIONS SHALL BE ENFORCED IN AREAS WITH >15 OF CUT AND/OR FILL. STOCKPILES (SEC. B-4-8) IN EXCESS OF 20 FT. MUST BE BENCHED WITH STABLE OUTLET. ALL CONCENTRATED FLOW, STEEP SLOPE, AND HIGHLY ERODIBLE AREAS SHALL RECEIVE SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING (SEC. B-4-6).

5. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE, AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE CID.

6. SITE ANALYSIS: ACRES TOTAL AREA OF SITE: 0.11 AREA DISTURBED: 0.11 _ACRES AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED: _ACRES AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED: ACRES 0.04 TOTAL CUT: _CU YDS. 185 TOTAL FILL: 230 _CU. YDS. OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION: TBD ACRES

7. ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.

8. ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED. IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE CID. THE SITE AND ALL CONTROLS SHALL BE INSPECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR WEEKLY: AND THE NEXT DAY AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT. A WRITTEN REPORT BY THE CONTRACTOR, MADE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST, IS PART OF EVERY INSPECTION AND SHOULD INCLUDE:

* INSPECTION DATE

- * INSPECTION TYPE (ROUTINE, PRE-STORM EVENT.
- DURING RAIN EVENT)
- * NAME AND TITLE OF INSPECTOR * WEATHER INFORMATION (CURRENT CONDITIONS AS WELL AS TIME AND AMOUNT OF LAST RECORDED

- PRECIPITATION) * BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT'S STATUS (E.G., PERCENT COMPLETE) AND/OR CURRENT ACTIVITIES
- * EVIDENCE OF SEDIMENT DISCHARGES * IDENTIFICATION OF PLAN DEFICIENCIES
- * IDENTIFICATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROLS THAT REQUIRE **MAINTENANCE**
- * IDENTIFICATION OF MISSING OR IMPROPERLY INSTALLED SEDIMENT CONTROLS
- * COMPLIANCE STATUS REGARDING THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS
- * PHOTOGRAPHS * MONITORING/SAMPLING
- * MAINTENANCE AND/OR CORRECTIVE ACTION PERFORMED * OTHER INSPECTION ITEMS AS REQUIRED BY THE GENERAL PERMIT FOR STORMWATER ASSOCIATED WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES (NPDES, MDE).

9. TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH CAN AND SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED BY THE END OF EACH WORKDAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

10. ANY MAJOR CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE PLAN OR SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE HSCD PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH CONSTRUCTION. MINOR REVISIONS MAY ALLOWED BY THE CID PER THE LIST OF HSCD-APPROVED FIELD CHANGES.

II. DISTURBANCE SHALL NOT OCCUR OUTSIDE THE L.O.D. A PROJECT IS TO BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING ACTIVITIES BEGIN ON ONE GRADING UNIT (MAXIMUM ACREAGE OF 20 AC. PER GRADING UNIT) AT A TIME. WORK MAY PROCEED TO A SUBSEQUENT GRADING UNIT WHEN AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE DISTURBED AREA IN THE PRECEDING GRADING UNIT HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE CID. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE CID. NO MORE THAN 30 ACRES CUMULATIVELY MAY BE DISTURBED AT A GIVEN TIME.

12. WASH WATER FROM ANY EQUIPMENT, VEHICLES, WHEELS, PAVEMENT, AND OTHER SOURCES MUST BE TREATED IN A SEDIMENT BASIN OR OTHER APPROVED WASHOUT STRUCTURE.

13. TOPSOIL SHALL BE STOCKPILED AND PRESERVED ON-SITE FOR REDISTRIBUTION ONTO FINAL GRADE.

14. ALL SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE SHALL BE PLACED ON-THE-CONTOUR. AND BE IMBRICATED AT 25 MINIMUM INTERVALS, WITH LOWER ENDS CURLED UPHILL BY 2 IN ELEVATION.

15. STREAM CHANNELS MUST NOT BE DISTURBED DURING THE FOLLOWING RESTRICTED TIME PERIODS (INCLUSIVE):

* USE IAND IP MARCH I - JUNE 15

16. A COPY OF THIS PLAN. THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, AND ASSOCIATED PERMITS SHALL BE ON-SITE AND AVAILABLE WHEN THE SITE IS ACTIVE.

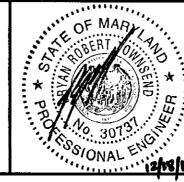
'PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 30737, EXPIRATION DATE: 6/29/2016 ."

> DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

DATE CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS

CHIEF, TRANSPORTATION DIV. DATE





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MARY	DES:	csc			-		
John No.	DRN:	CSC			······································		_
30731 MAL 12/18/15	CHK:	JDC					
	DATE:	12/15	BY	NO.	. (REVISION	_
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SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

"ICERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

DESIGN CERTIFICATION

CHRISTOPHER CUSICH

DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29

OWNER'S/DEVELOPER'S SIGNATURE

PRINTED NAME & TITLE

OWNERS/DEVELOPERS CERTIFICATION

FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

"I/WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS, AND THAT THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (MDE) APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON EROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND/OR MDE.

SHEET <u>8</u> of <u>12</u>

DWG.

ES-04

SCALE

NONE

600' SCALE MAP NO.

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

BLOCK NO.

12/18/15

MD RESGISTRATION NO. 37742

P.E. R.L.S, OR R.L.A. (CIRCLE ONE)

DATE

ELECTION DISTRICT 2

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DATE



DESCRIPTION

Imbricated riprap is used to protect and stabilize embankment soils from the erosive forces of flowing water and piping forces resulting from groundwater seepage. A well-engineered imbricated riprap revenuent should consist of the following:

- a filter layer of gravel or cloth designed to prevent soil movement into or through the riprap layer while allowing water to drain from the embankment, and
- a stone wall of appropriate size and positioning to resist the shearing forces of channelized water and the lateral earth pressures of the enveloped bank.

EFFECTIVE USES & LIMITATIONS

When properly designed and installed, imbricated riprap revetments resist lateral earth pressures to some extent and can be an effective method of bank armoring where soil conditions, water turbulence and velocity, expected vegetative cover, and groundwater conditions are such that the soil may erode under the design flow conditions and threaten infrastructure or personal property.

Filter cloth should only be utilized when the bank material is a noncohesive material such as sand or gravel.

Materials for imbricated riprap construction and installation should meet the following requirements:

• Filters: Synthetic filter fabric may be used cautiously based on the 1994 MD Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control. Whenever possible, however, granular filters with a minimum thickness of 6 inches (15 cm) should be used with a gradation as found in Table 2.2.

Table 2.2: Granular Filter Material Grading Specifications Percent Less Than U.S. Standard Sieve Size

2 1/2 in (64 mm) 85 - 100 1 in (25 mm) 1/2 in (13 mm) No. 10 20 - 50 No. 40

- Toe Riprap: The maximum diameter or weight of stone for toe riprap should be based upon the bankfull stream channel velocity as detailed in the MGWC 2.1: Riprap and Figure 2.1.
- Imbricated Stones: Imbricated riprap should be angular and blocky in shape such that they are stackable and should be sufficiently large to resist displacement by both the design storm event and the site-specific lateral earth stresses. Therefore, the length of the longest axis of each stone should be the greater of 1/3 the height of the proposed wall and the size necessary to resist the design stream flow according to MGWC 2.1: Riprap. A typical minimum axis length is 24 inches (0.6 meters).

SLOPE PROTECTION AND STABILIZATION TECHNIQUES

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT WATERIVAY CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

PAGE 2.2 ~ 1

MGWC 2.2: IMBRICATED RIPRAP

Approximate Cost (\$1999) \$90 per linear ft

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES

All erosion and sediment control devices, including dewatering basins, should be implemented as the first order of business according to a plan approved by the WMA or local authority. The recommended construction procedure for imbricated riprap is as follows (refer to Detail 2.2):

- 1. The stream should be diverted according to a WMA recommended procedure (see Section 1, Temporary Instream Construction Measures, Maryland's Guidelines to Waterway Construction), and the construction area
- 2. All excavation should be made in reasonably close conformity with the existing stream slope and bed. The slope of the cut face should be in the range of 1H:6V to 2H:6V. Loose material at the toe of the embankment should be excavated until a stable foundation is reached, usually within 2 to 3 feet (0.6 to 0.9 meters) of the surface. The subgrade should be smooth, firm, and free from protruding objects or voids that would effect the proper positioning of the first layer of stones.
- 3. A graded granular filter or filter fabric should be placed on the face of the cut slope to prevent the migration of fine materials through the revetment. If filter fabric is used, it should be carefully and loosely placed on the prepared slope and secured. Adjacent strips should overlap a minimum of 8 inches (0.20 meters). If the filter fabric is torn or damaged, it should be repaired or replaced.
- 4. The rock layers should be neatly stacked with staggered joints so that each stone rests firmly on two stones in the tier below. Additionally, smaller stones should be used to fill voids so that each rock rests solidly on the previous rock layer with minimal opportunity for movement. Upon completion of the first layer of stone, the toe trench should be filled with Class III riprap sized according to MGWC 2.1: Riprap or additional imbricated stone. Two footer stones should be used where high potential for channel incision exists. The height of the imbricated revetment is dictated by the size of the stone used, and the height should not exceed 3 times the length of the longest axis and should not be greater than 10 feet (3 meters).
- 5. Placement of the granular backfill should occur concurrently with the stone placement. The backfill slope angle should be 2H:1V or flatter but should be greater than 0 degrees to facilitate drainage. Once all of the backfill is in place, it should be covered with a filter layer and a layer of topsoil sufficient to support a native vegetative
- 6. The disturbed sections of the channel, including the slopes and stream bed, should be stabilized with methods

Note: The use of rock vanes (MGWC 3.3: Rock Vanes) should be considered to dissipate excessive toe velocities.

SLOPE PROTECTION AND STABILIZATION TECHNIQUES

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT WATERWAY CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES REVISED NOVEMBER 2000

PAGE 2.2 - 2

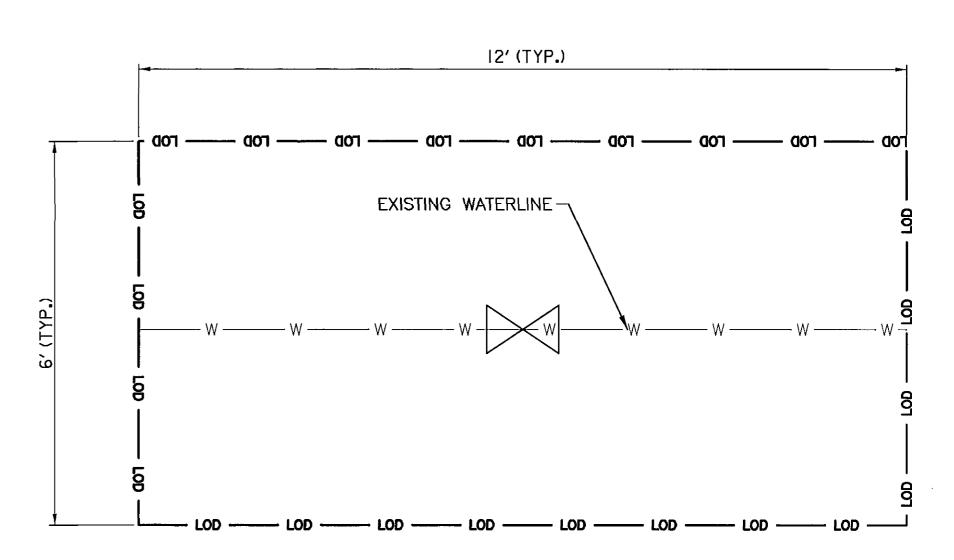
Maryland's Guidelines To Waterway Construction DETAIL 2.2: IMBRICATED RIPRAP DEFINITION SKETCH B = backfill slope angle (2H:1V or flatter but (7) = inclination of wall from horizontal (1H:6V to 2H:6V) SECTION VIEW topsoil (depth_shall be sufficient to support stabilizing vegetation) rocks shall be angular and have a minimum width equal to 1/3 the vertical height of the wall

degree of imbrication shall depend on design stone size pumping of fines toe trench and footer rock – minimum toe trench depth below channel invert should be designed based on site charcteristics and to prevent failure due to scour PLAN VIEW

Construction Note: stone blocks shall be rotated into the bank during placement such that the upstream blocks overlap the downstream blocks by a minimum of 3 inches (8 cm)

REVISED NOVEMBER 2000 MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT PAGE 23 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

in curved



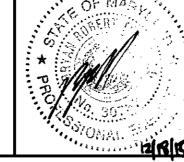
TYPICAL WATER VALVE INSTALLATION SCALE: NTS

> * DISTURBANCE DUE TO WATER VALVE INSTALLATION SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY.

'PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION, I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 30737, EXPIRATION DATE: 6/24/2067.

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.





DRN: CSC CHK: JDC DATE: 12/15 BY NO. REVISION 600' SCALE MAP NO.

THIS PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROISON AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

MD RESGISTRATION NO. \$7946
P.E. R.L.S., OR R.L.A. (CIRCLE ONE) CHRISTOPHER CUSICK PRINTED NAME & TITLE CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29 SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS

DATE

BLOCK NO.

DESIGN CERTIFICATION

DESIGNER'S SIGNATURE

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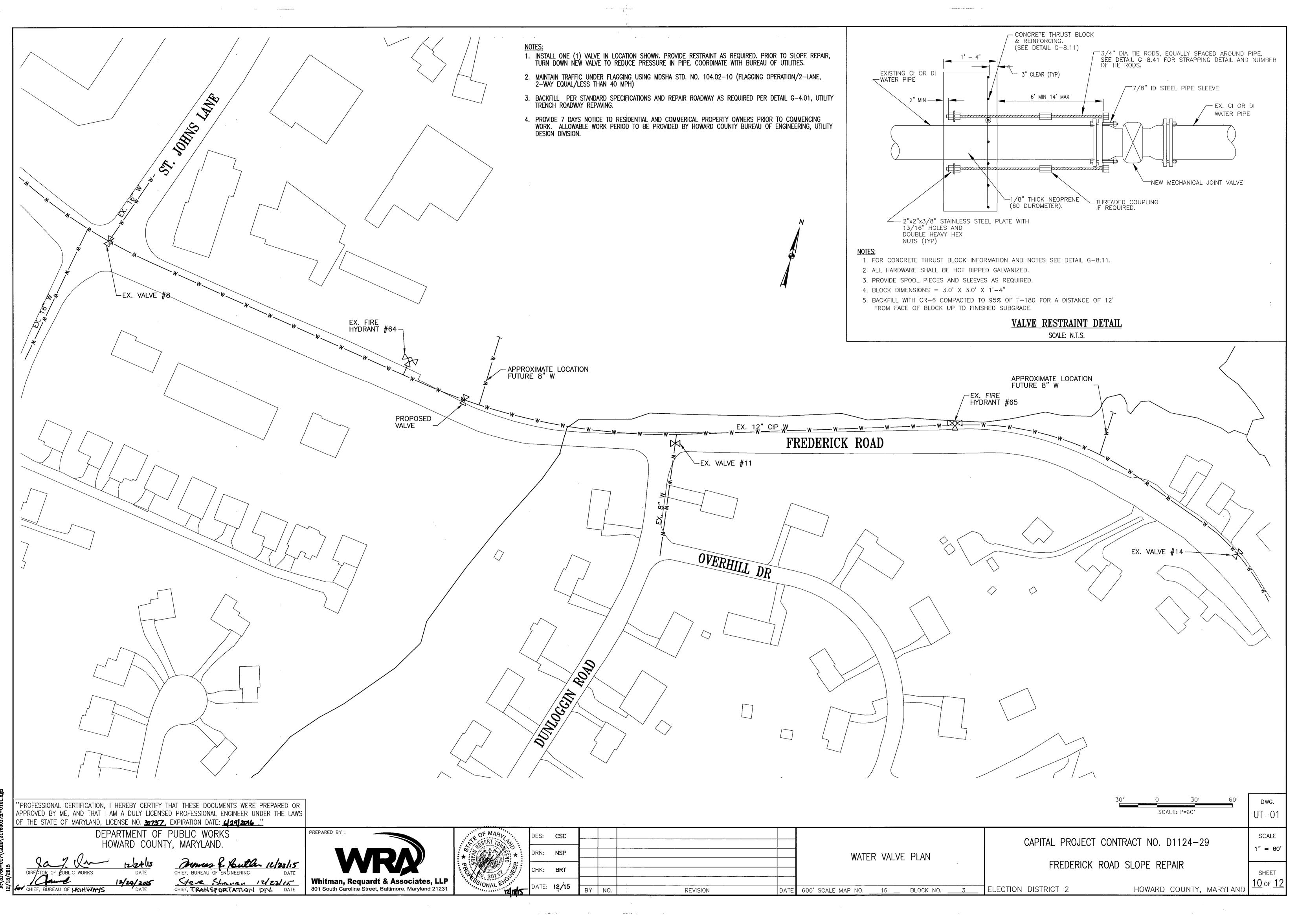
FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR SHEET <u>9</u> of <u>12</u> ELECTION DISTRICT 2 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

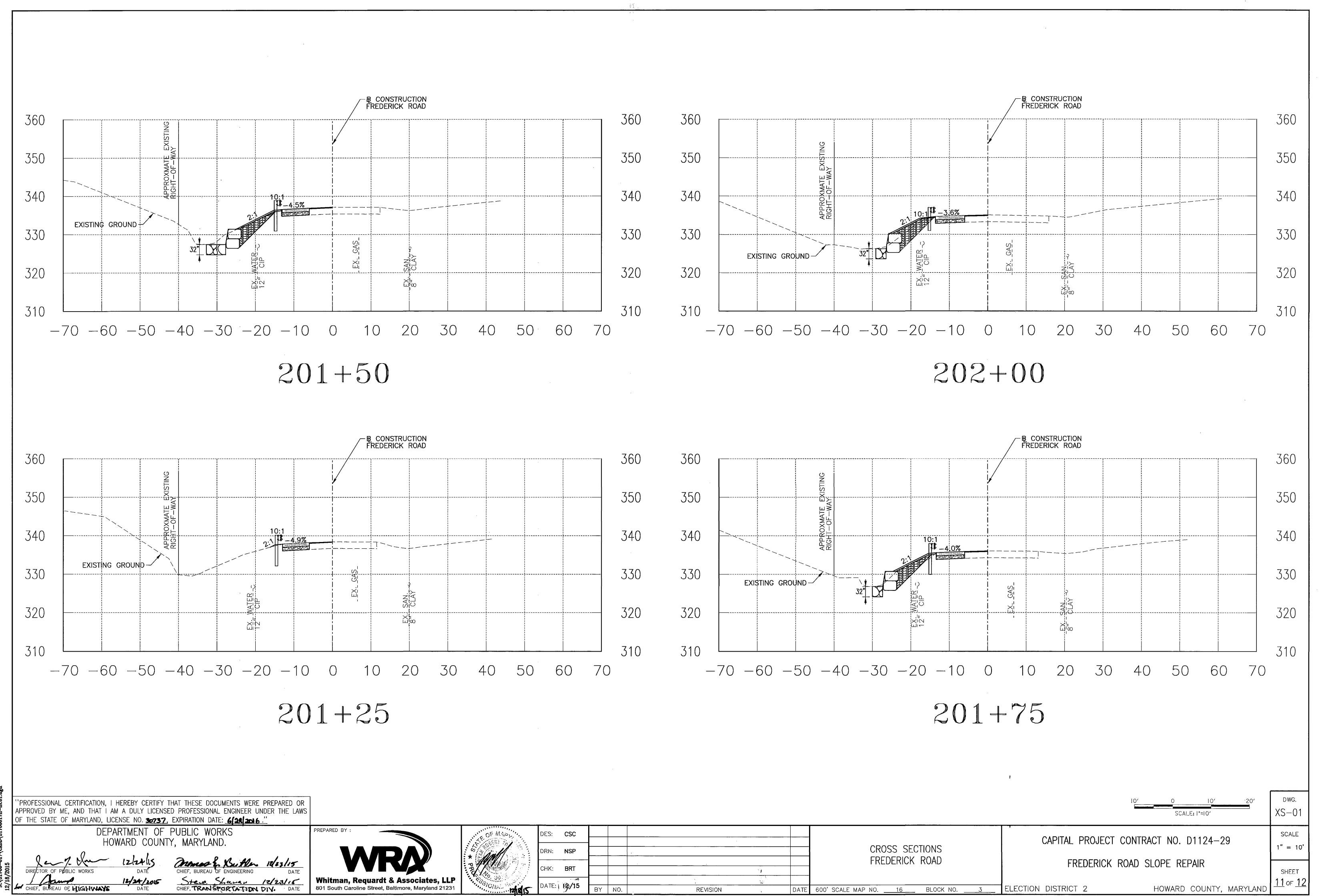
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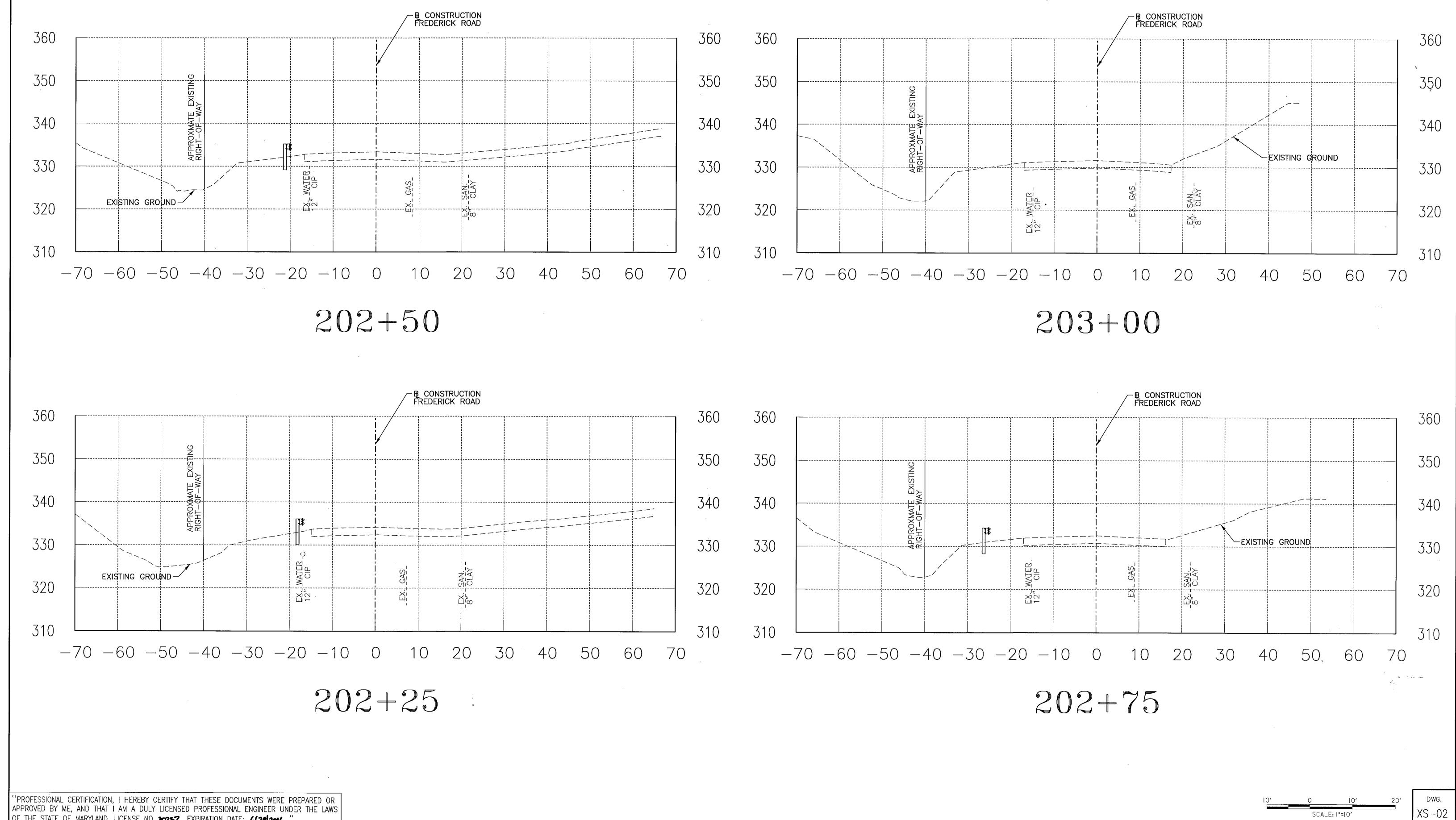
OWNERS/DEVELOPERS CERTIFICATION

OWNER'S/DEVELOPER'S SIGNATURE

CHIEF, TRANSPORTATION DIV.







SCALE: I"=10'

CAPITAL PROJECT CONTRACT NO. D1124-29

FREDERICK ROAD SLOPE REPAIR

ELECTION DISTRICT 2

CROSS SECTIONS

FREDERICK ROAD

____16___ BLOCK NO.

SCALE

1" = 10'

OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 30737, EXPIRATION DATE: 6/20/2016 ."

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND.

Steve Shave 12/23/15-CHIEF, TRANSPORTATION DIV. DATE -

PREPARED BY: